Table 1. Number, incidence rate <sup>1</sup>, median days away from work <sup>2</sup> and relative standard errors <sup>3</sup> of occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work <sup>4</sup> by selected natures with musculoskeletal disorders <sup>5</sup> in selected ownerships for New York, 2011

Ownership	Nature of the injury or illness <sup>6</sup>	Total Cases	Incidence Rate	Median Days	Relative Standard Error
	All Selected Natures	26.040	47.4	16	2.7
private industry	1131 Pinched nerve	26,940	47.4 0.2	16 16	17.6
private industry	1211 Herniated discs	130 230	0.2	22	13.2
private industry private industry	1221 Meniscus tears	80	0.4	66	21.7
•			30.9	14	2.8
private industry	123 Sprains- strains- tears	17,580		51	4.8
private industry	1230 Sprains- strains- tears- unspecified	2,250 860	4.0 1.5	75	7.2
private industry	1231 Major tears to muscles- tendons- ligaments		_	_	
private industry	1232 Sprains	3,940	6.9	14	4.0
private industry	1233 Strains	10,250	18.0	12	3.1
private industry	1238 Multiple sprains- strains- tears	280	0.5	16	12.0
private industry	124 Hernias due to traumatic incidents	510	0.9	38	9.1
private industry	1972 Soreness- pain- hurtnonspecified injury	7,130	12.5	13	3.4
private industry	1973 Swelling- inflammation- irritationnonspecified injury	190	0.3	13	14.5
private industry	1974 Numbnessnonspecified injury	60	0.1	48	26.4
private industry	2241 Carpal tunnel syndrome	670	1.2	55	8.0
private industry	253 Hernianontraumatic	50	0.1	34	28.3
private industry	27 Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue diseases an	300	0.5	31	11.6
private industry	272 Dorsopathies	40	0.1	9	31.7
private industry	2729 Dorsopathies- n.e.c.	30	0.1	9	36.9
private industry	273 Soft tissue disorders- except the back	250	0.4	43	12.6
private industry	2734 Epicondylitis	40	0.1	62	32.5
private industry	2735 Other or unspecified tendonitis (tendinitis)	130	0.2	22	17.4
private industry	2739 Soft tissue disorder- except the back- n.e.c.	50	0.1	74	28.1
local government	All Selected Natures	6,310	81.9	16	2.8
local government	1211 Herniated discs	40	0.5	149	36.9
local government	1221 Meniscus tears	20	0.2	41	60.8
local government	123 Sprains- strains- tears	4,250	55.2	21	3.5
local government	1230 Sprains- strains- tears- unspecified	110	1.4	14	23.3
local government	1231 Major tears to muscles- tendons- ligaments	50	0.7	34	33.2
local government	1232 Sprains	1,560	20.3	13	5.9
local government	1233 Strains	2,460	32.0	28	4.7
local government	1238 Multiple sprains- strains- tears	70	0.9	32	28.6
local government	124 Hernias due to traumatic incidents	80	1.1	22	26.4
local government	1972 Soreness- pain- hurtnonspecified injury	1,330	17.3	10	6.5
local government	1973 Swelling- inflammation- irritationnonspecified injury	470	6.1	11	10.9
local government	2241 Carpal tunnel syndrome	60	0.7	30	32.3
local government	27 Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue diseases an	20	0.3	29	49.6
local government	273 Soft tissue disorders- except the back	20	0.2	47	60.6
state government	All Selected Natures	2,280	113.8	18	3.5
state government	1221 Meniscus tears	40	1.8	98	31.8

state government	123 Sprains- strains- tears	1,490	74.5	17	4.6
state government	1230 Sprains- strains- tears- unspecified	210	10.6	34	13.0
state government	1231 Major tears to muscles- tendons- ligaments	30	1.4	172	35.5
state government	1232 Sprains	260	13.0	17	11.7
state government	1233 Strains	870	43.4	11	6.2
state government	1238 Multiple sprains- strains- tears	120	6.0	7	17.4
state government	1972 Soreness- pain- hurtnonspecified injury	610	30.6	15	7.5
state government	1973 Swelling- inflammation- irritationnonspecified injury	30	1.5	85	34.8
state government	2241 Carpal tunnel syndrome	60	2.9	7	24.9
state government	27 Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue diseases an	30	1.4	31	35.8
state government	273 Soft tissue disorders- except the back	20	0.9	41	44.2
state government	2735 Other or unspecified tendonitis (tendinitis)	20	0.9	13	45.5

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N / EH) X 20,000,000 where:

N = number of injuries and illnesses,

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year,

20,000,000 = base for 10,000 full-time equivalent workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that do not meet publication guidelines or data for incidence rates less than .05 per 10,000 full-time workers. The scientifically selected probability sample used was one of many possible samples, each of which could have produced different estimates. A measure of sampling variability for each estimate is available upon request.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, December 12, 2012

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Median days away from work is the measure used to summarize the varying lengths of absences from work among the cases with days away from work. Half the cases involved more days and half involved less days than a specified median. Median days away from work are represented in actual values.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Relative standard errors are a measure of the sampling error of an estimate. Sampling errors occur because observations are made on a sample, not on the entire population. Estimates based on the different possible samples of the same size and sample design could differ. Relative standard errors less than 0.05 are not shown.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Days away from work cases (DAFW) include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Includes cases where the nature of injury is: pinched nerve; herniated disc; meniscus tear; sprains, strains, tears; hernia (traumatic and nontraumatic); pain, swelling, and numbness; carpal or tarsal tunnel syndrome; Raynaud's syndrome or phenomenon; musculoskeletal system and connective tissue diseases and disorders, when the event or exposure leading to the injury or illness is: overexertion and bodily reaction, unspecified; overexertion involving outside sources; repetitive motion involving microtasks; other and multiple exertions or bodily reactions; and rubbed, abraded, or jarred by vibration. Although these cases may be considered MSD's, the survey classifies these cases in categories that also include non-MSD cases.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System (OIICS) version 2.01.